The Blasphemer: It's Not Fair!

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1. Leviticus 24

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There came out among the Israelites one whose mother was Israelite and whose father was Egyptian. And a fight broke out in the camp between that half-Israelite and a certain Israelite. The son of the Israelite woman pronounced the Name in blasphemy, and he was brought to Moses—now his mother's name was Shelomith daughter of Dibri of the tribe of Dan—and he was placed in custody, until the decision of the LORD should be made clear to them.

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- And the LORD spoke to Moses, saying: Take the blasphemer outside the camp; and let all who were within hearing lay their hands upon his head, and let the whole community stone him. And
- were within hearing lay their hands upon his head, and let the whole community stone him. And to the Israelite people speak thus: Anyone who blasphemes his G-d shall bear his guilt; if he also
- pronounces the name LORD, he shall be put to death. The whole community shall stone him;
- stranger or citizen, if he has thus pronounced the Name, he shall be put to death.
- 14 If anyone kills any human being, he shall be put to death. One who kills a beast shall make
- restitution for it: life for life.If anyone maims his fellow, as he has done so shall it be done to him:
- fracture for fracture, eye for eye, tooth for tooth. The injury he inflicted on another shall be inflicted on him. One who kills a beast shall make restitution for it; but one who kills a human
- being shall be put to death. You shall have one standard for stranger and citizen alike: for I the
- 19 LORD am your G-d.
- Moses spoke thus to the Israelites. And they took the blasphemer outside the camp and pelted him with stones. The Israelites did as the LORD had commanded Moses.

2. Exodus 2

- 23 (11) "And it was, during those many days, that Moshe grew up AND WENT OUT to his brethren, and 24 he saw their suffering, and he saw AN EGYPTIAN MAN striking a Hebrew man, one of his brethren.
- 25 (12) He turned this way and that and saw that there was no-one, and he struck the Egyptian, and buried
- 26 him in the sand. (13) He went out on the second day and behold, two Hebrew men WERE
- 27 QUARRELING. He said to the guilty party, "Why are you striking your neighbor?" (14) He answered:

Who made you a prince and judge over us? Do you mean to kill me, as you killed the Egyptian? So Moshe feared and said, Indeed – the matter is known."

3. Rashi to Vayikra 24

Whence did he go out? Surely not from the camp, since Scripture states "and they strove in the camp"! Rabbi Levi said, "He went out from (by his blasphemous utterance he lost) his eternal life. R. Berachya said, "He set forth (started his argument) from the above section. He said sneeringly: "Every Sabbath he shall set it in order!? Surely it is the way of a king to eat fresh (lit., warm) bread every day; is it perhaps his way to eat bread nine days old (lit., cold bread of nine days)?! (Tanchuma). A Baraitha states that "he went out" means, he came out of the judicial court of Moses where he had been pronounced to be in the wrong in the following matter: although his father was an Egyptian he had gone to pitch his tent in the camp of the tribe of Dan to whom his mother belonged (cf. v. 11). They (the men of Dan) said to him, "What have you to do here" (lit., what is your character that gives you the right to come here?). He replied. "I am one of the children of the tribe of Dan". Thereupon they said to him, "Scripture states: (Numbers 2:2) "Every man [of the children of Israel shall encamp] by his own standard, that bears the signs of their father's house"! He thereupon went in to the judicial court of Moses to have the matter decided and came forth (יצא) declared to be in the wrong. He then stood up and blasphemed (Sifra: Leviticus Rabbah 32).

- THE SON OF AN EGYPTIAN MAN It was the Egyptian whom Moses had killed
- AMONG THE CHILDREN OF ISRAEL This teaches us that he had become a proselyte (Sifra). 49
- THEY QUARRELLED IN [or CONCERNING] THE CAMP, about matters connected with the 50
- 51 camp.

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- 52 THE ISRAELITISH MAN — this was his opponent who had prevented him from pitching his tent
- in the camp of Daniel 53

4. Vavikra Rabbah

... "The son of of an Israelite woman went out..." This is like what is written (in Ecclesiastes 4:1) So I returned, and considered all the oppressions done under the sun, and behold the tears of the oppressed, and they had no comforter. On the side of their oppressors there was power, but they had no comforter. (Eccl. 4:1) Daniel the Tailor said, "Behold, the tears of the oppressed," refers to "mamzerim" (bastards). Their fathers sinned, but what the insult have to do with them? The father of this one went to a woman forbidden to him, but how did the child sin, and how does it concern him? They "had no comforter" but "on the side of their oppressors there was power." That refers to the hands of the Great Sanhedrin, that move against them with the authority of the Torah and remove them from the community, because it is written, "A mamzer shall not enter into the congregation of the Lord." Therefore, says the Holy One, it is upon me to comfort them. In this world, they are impure, but in the days of the Messiah, Zechariah prophesied, "Behold, I see them all as pure gold."