Rabbi Shua Katz Dirshu Mishna Berurah Yomi – תשפ״ג



הלכות תפלה (סימן קלג: דין ״ברכו״ בשבת)

<u>קלג :א</u>

Outline

- 1. Today's Topics
 - a. Halachos of ברכו
- 2. אמירת ״ברכו״ אחר קדיש
 - a. On יו״ט and יו״ט, we don't say "ברכו״ after the last שבת); even in places in which "ברכו״ is said after the last שבת for those who weren't in shul when "ברכו״ was said, this is not done on שבת and when יו״ט when everyone was in shul for (רמ״א)
 - i. Q: What is the meaning of the ירמ״א?
 - In some places, the practice is to say דרכו" after the conclusion of תפילה for those who missed "משנ"ב א) "ברכו"
 - a. Q: When should "ברכר" be said? (הע׳ 1)
 - i. After the entire הפילה in order to delay it as much as possible (הזו"א) b. Q: In what situations should "ברכו" not be said? (הע' 1)
 - i. If everyone already said "ברכו" and no tension will arise if "ברכו" is not said again (משנ״ב סט)
 - ii. Q: What if someone came late to shul on שבת or ייו"ט ייו"?
 - 1. Presumably, he heard ברכו from one of the עליות during layning (משנ״ב ב)
 - a. Therefore, the practice in א א is that on layning days, "ברכו" is not said at the end of davening (רב טוקצינסקי הע׳ 2)