

Recordings of previous sessions

- Audio (downloadable) http://www.yutorah.org/browse/browse.cfm#speaker=81072&category=234868
- Video http://koshertube.com/videos/index.php?option=com_seyret<emid=4

Basic structure of the book

| Chapters 1-2 Chapters 3 Chapters 4-14 Chapters 15-2 Chapters 22-20 Chapters 27-3 Chapters 32-35 Chapters 38-4 Chapter 42 | Third round of debates: Eliphaz, Job, Bildad, Job Job's closing arguments Elihu's arguments |
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| Chapter 1 | Gd seeks to prove the possibility that a human being could want a relationship with Gd Satan strikes Job's children and property; this begins the Trial of Man by Gd Job responds by acknowledging the Divine right to all that is his |
| Chapter 2 | Job suffers physically Job rebukes his blasphemous wife, but is less pious Visitors arrive from afar, express their grief with actions, and remain in silence for 7 days |
| Chapter 3 | Job lashes out against his birthday/the stars Job desires to roll back his own creation, and perhaps all of Creation |
| Chapter 4-5 | Round One: Does approaching Gd lead to a happy ending? Eliphaz argues for a narrative of hope – Gd helps those who seek it People deserve their suffering, for their wickedness One cannot be more righteous than Gd Eliphaz urges Job to appeal to Gd |
| Chapters 6-7 | New element: Job's anger at Gd Job rebukes Eliphaz for not helping; the lack of empathy makes Job bitter Job makes a statement about Gd: 1. Either Job challenges Gd to leave him alone, or 2. Job claims that Gd does not run the world, as that would be beneath Him There is no hopeful narrative; I will turn to Gd, but in defiance, not for help |
| Chapter 8 | Bildad defends Divine justice Bildad offers two plant parables: The Thirsty Reed – Those who are wicked will perish The Lush Plant – May be the same as the Reed, or may be describing suffering ending in prosperity, proving that the pain was actually building toward a positive end |

| Chapters 9-10 | New element: Job's desire to sue Gd in court A trial of Gd by Man, instead of a trial of Man by Gd Job rebukes Bildad; I cannot convince Gd that I am right, and Gd is hostile to me The world is run unjustly, and I cannot even get a day in court! If I were to talk to Gd, it would be to challenge Him for what He has done to me |
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| Chapter 11 | Tzofar says that Gd's wisdom involves hidden elements, beyond human ken An example of a hidden element: One may be judged for failure to fulfill potential Turn to Gd, and life will improve |
| Chapters 12-14 | New element: Job insists that he is the pious one Job responds to the entire set of speakers from the first round You cannot convince me that there is justice in this world; you only mock me with your speech I will speak truth, regardless of what Gd does to me I am the true believer. You are false flatterers who misrepresent Gd, and Gd will punish you. Job wishes to bring Gd to justice in court, on three claims: 1: I am righteous 2: Even if I have sinned, I am insignificant and unworthy of Your attention 3: I am temporary and lowly, and therefore I am no threat to You There is no hope for a happy ending, including resurrection of the dead |
| Chapter 15 | Round Two: Do the wicked suffer? Eliphaz tries again, arguing that Job fails to value righteousness, and is arrogant The wicked may not appear to suffer, but they suffer psychologically The wicked lack a future |
| Chapter 16-17 | New elements: Gd as Enemy; A plea for empathy Job demands that Eliphaz stop judging him; if I were in your shoes, I would offer empathy Gd has become my enemy I demand justice from Gd |
| Chapter 18 | Bildad rebukes Job, or his fellow visitors, for not listening Wicked people cause their own suffering Wicked people lose everything – as Job did Wicked people lack a future |
| Chapter 19 | New element: An elaborate plea for empathy, companionship, and aid with his cause Job responds that the visitors are making him miserable Job feels surrounded, crushed and estranged from all around him Job pleads for someone to record his words, creating his posterity In a cryptic ending, Job says that someone, someday, will take his side – and that the visitors, and those who take their side, will be punished. |
| Chapter 20 | Tzofar responds to Job's insults by becoming personal Wicked people suffer as a result of their wickedness |
| Chapter 21 | New element: Job contends that there is no reasonable narrative for the universe The wicked are not punished; they thrive Suffering is not proof of wickedness |

| Chapter 22 | Round Three: Sharp closing remarks New element: Actual charges against Job Eliphaz alleges that Job harmed the vulnerable and warped justice Eliphaz still says that Gd would take Job back Does Eliphaz truly believe the charges he is laying against Job? Or are they rhetorical? |
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| Chapters 23-24 | New element: Job adds a layer of complication by contradicting himself Job longs for a trial of Gd, but cannot get such a trial Job closes the speech by saying the wicked do suffer. Has he changed? Is this sarcasm? Is Job trying to confuse them? Or to send a message? |
| Chapter 25 | Bildad briefly says that power and justice are with Gd |
| Chapter 26 | Job agrees with the greatness of Divine might, just not with Divine actions |
| Chapter 27 | Job's Closing Address, Part I: Summary of Hatred for the Visitors Gd will punish your wicked flattery |
| Chapter 28 | Job's Closing Address, Part II: The Search for Wisdom New: A rejection of the Wisdom Dialogue altogether Precious metals and minerals are available, but terminal Wisdom is not available to humans Wisdom is in Divine action |
| Chapters 29-31 | Job's Closing Address, Part III: Summary of what Gd has done Life was wonderful: I helped others, and was honoured Now I am mocked by the lowly, and I suffer brutally And I do not deserve this; I have not sinned |