## Zevachim 99

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#### 99a

Gemara: How do we know that korban-eating depends on avodah-suitability earlier in the day?

- Preface: חילוק = Independence from others, Ability to give to others, Ability to eat after מהרה.
- Reish Lakish הכהן המחטא אותה יאכלנה Need to be suited to perform the avodah, in order to be
  - o What about baal mum? He has a special כל זכר of כל זכר to expand for him
  - ס Baal mum rather than Tvul yom (יאכלנה now; ראני לאכילה)
- Is the issue of חולק really ראוי לאכילה, or ראוי לעבודה? Two test cases of ראוי לעבודה but not ראוי לאכילה
  - o Response to both: כהן גדול אונן He can serve but not eat, and therefore he cannot be הולק

# Gemara: Mishnah said onein can touch korban

- We've learned he needs טבילה!
- Three answers
  - A1: R' Ami/R' Yochanan Our mishnah is post-tevilah
  - o A2a: He was careful not to become tamei, so no tevillah is required.
    - A2b: He had היסה for tumas sheretz, so no need for 7 day process
    - A2c: He had היסה הדעת for that which would be posel, so no need for הערב שמש

99b

o A3: The rabbanan created the maalah of tevilah to prevent eating, but not to prevent contact

# Gemara: Mishnah indicates an onein may eat [implication: any] korban if invited

- We've learned he may only eat from Korban Pesach, not other korbanos!
- Two answers
  - o A1: Rav Yirmiyah miDifti Our mishnah meant that on Pesach night he may eat any korban
  - A2: Rav Asi Our mishnah is where the petirah was the previous day; that night he is not an
    onein

### Gemara: R' Shimon is the one who says אנינות of the following night is דרבנן [and so Pesach is mutar]

- Q1: But R' Shimon says an onein may not send a korban, which presumably includes Pesach!
- Q2: R' Shimon brings pesukim to disqualify an onein from various korbanos, 1 including Pesach!
  - ס Rav Chisda כדי נסבה
  - o Ray Sheshes It meant the שלמים that come with פסח

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- o Rav Mari That's regarding the night after מיתה, not the night after קבורה
- o Abbaye Depends on whether the מיתה was before הצות

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o Rava – Depends on whether the מיתה was before זריקה

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The onein's disqualification for a Shelamim is because his sadness makes him incomplete (Shem miShemuel to Ki Tisa, Emor)