Rabbi Yona Reiss, Choice of Law Issues - Yeshiva University and Beth Din of America Conference on Jewish and American Law, January 17, 2010 - Yeshiva University

1. RULES AND PROCEDURES OF THE BETH DIN OF AMERICA

Preamble

- (a) One of the purposes of the Beth Din of America is to provide a forum where adherents of Jewish law can seek to have their disputes resolved in a manner consistent with the rules of Jewish law (halacha) and with the recognition that many individuals conduct commercial transactions in accordance with the commercial standards of the secular society.
- (b) These Rules of Procedure are designed to provide for a process of dispute resolution in a Beth Din which are in consonance with the demands of Jewish law that one diligently pursue justice, while also recognizing the values of peace and compromise. This will be done in a manner consistent with the requirements for binding arbitration so that the resolution will be enforceable in the civil courts of the United States of America, and the various states therein.

Section 3 – Choice of Law

- (a) In the absence of an agreement by the parties, arbitration by the Beth Din shall take the form of compromise or settlement related to Jewish law (p'shara krova l'din), in each case as determined by a majority of the panel designated by the Beth Din, unless the parties in writing select an alternative Jewish law process of resolution.
- (b) The Beth Din will strive to encourage the parties to resolve disputes according to the compromise or settlement related to Jewish law principles (p'shara krova l'din); however, the Beth Din will hear cases either according to Jewish law as it is understood by the arbitrators or compromise (p'shara) alone, if that is the mandate of the parties
- (c) The Beth Din of America accepts that Jewish law as understood Beth Din will provide the rules of decision and rules of procedure that govern the functioning of the Beth Din or any of its panels.
- (d) In situations where the parties to a dispute explicitly adopt a "choice of law" clause, either in the initial contract or in the arbitration agreement, the Beth Din will accept such a choice of law clause as providing the rules of decision governing the decision of the panel to the fullest extent permitted by Jewish Law.
- (e) In situations where the parties to a dispute explicitly or implicitly accept the common commercial practices of any particular trade, profession, or community -- whether it be by explicit incorporation of such standards into the initial contract or arbitration agreement or through the implicit adoption of such common commercial practices in this transaction -- the Beth Din will accept such common commercial practices as providing the rules of decision governing the decision of the panel to the fullest extent permitted by Jewish Law.
- (f) Unless otherwise indicated, all references in these Rules to "arbitration" shall refer to dispute resolution utilizing any of these principles and the Rules set forth herein shall be applicable equally to any of these modes of resolution.

2. Copy of First Page of Beth Din Arbitration Agreement (other side)

THE BETH DIN OF AMERICA

BINDING ARBITRATION AGREEMENT

Instructions for filling out this document may be found on page 4.

It is important that the instructions be carefully read and followed in completing the form.

THIS AGREEMENT MADE ON THE	DAY OF THE MONTH O	OF I	N THI
YEAR 20, IN THE CITY/TOWN/VILI	LAGE OF	STATE OF	
	between:	20	
HUSBAND-TO-BE:			
RESIDING AT:			
	and:		
WIFE-TO-BE:			
The parties, who intend to be married in the	near future, hereby agree as follows:		
Ave., New York, NY 10001, tel. 21. The decision of the Beth Din of Am The parties agree that the Beth Din of as well as any issues arising from the	parties after they are married, so that they to The Beth Din of the United States of A 2 807-9042, www.bethdin.org), acting as a serica shall be fully enforceable in any cours of America has exclusive jurisdiction to denis Agreement or the ketubah and tena'im (Be. Each of the parties agrees to appear in	merica, Inc. (currently located at 305 S n arbitration panel, for a binding decision to f competent jurisdiction. Cide all issues relating to a get (Jewish different premarital agreements) entered in	eventh n. ivorce) into by
(Parties have the option to select paragraged regarding adjudication of additional final respect to the adjudication of child related without jurisdiction to address matters of see the instructions.)	ECTIONS IV:A & IV:B ARE OPTIONA uph IV:A(1), IV:A(2) or IV:A(3) (but not mo ncial issues. In addition, parties have the o d issues. Unless one of these options is che general financial and parenting disputes b bin of America is authorized to decide all m between them. We choose to have Parag	ore than one of these three paragraphs) option to select paragraph IV:B with osen, the Beth Din of America will be etween the parties. For more information onetary disputes (including division of	
Signature of Husband-to-Be IV:A(2). The parties agree that the Beth Diproperty and maintenance) that may arise the employed in the United States as found in apply to our arbitration agreement. Signature of Husband-to-Be IV:A(3). The parties agree that the Beth Diproperty and maintenance) that may arise the employed in the United States as found in the apply to our arbitration agreement. Signature of Husband-to-Be IV:B. The parties agree that the Beth Din of support, and visitation matters, as well as an apply to our arbitration agreement.	Signature of Wife-to-B in of America is authorized and Divorce Act. W Signature of Wife-to-B in of America is authorized to decide any notetween them based on the principles of co the Uniform Marriage and Divorce Act. W Signature of Wife-to-B of America is authorized to decide all dispuny other disputes that may arise between the	nonetary disputes (including division of able distribution law customarily e choose to have Paragraph IV:A(2) se	
Signature of Husband-to-Be	Signature of Wife-to-B	e	