This series is dedicated by Nathan Kirsh in loving memory of his mother Ruth Kirsh z"l רחל בת מרדכי ז"ל

Miriam HaNeviah:

3) The Punishment, The Well & The Death of Miriam

3. במדבר, י"ב, א-טו | Bamidbar 12, 1-15.

- (א) וַתְּדַבֵּר מִרְיָם וְאַהַרֹן בְּמֹשֶׁה עַל אֹדוֹת הָאִשָּה הַבָּשִׁית אֲשֵׁר לַקַח כִּי אִשַּׁה בַשִּׁית לַקַח.
 - ַרָּאַמְרוּ הָרָק אַךְ בִּמֹשֶׁה דָּבֵּר ה' הַלֹא גַּם בַּנוּ דָבֵּר וַיִּשְׁמַע ה'.
 - (ג) וָהַאִישׁ מֹשֶׁה עַנַו מָאֹד מִכֹּל הַאַדַם אֲשֶׁר עַל פָּנֵי הַאֲדַמַה.
- (ד) וַיִּאמֶר ה' פִּתְאֹם אֶל מֹשֶׁה וְאֶל אַהַרֹן וְאֵל מִריָם צָאוּ שָׁלָשָׁתָּבֶם אֵל אֹהֵל מוֹעֵד וַיִּצָאוּ שָׁלַשָּׁתַּם.
 - (ה) וַיַּרָד ה׳ בִּעַמוּד עָנָן וַיַּעַמֹד פֵּתַח הָאֹהֵל וַיִּקְרָא אַהַרֹן וּמְרִיָם וַיִּצְאוּ שְׁנֵיהֵם.
 - (ו) וַיּאֹמֶר שִׁמְעוּ נָא דְבָרָי אִם יִהְיֶה נְבִיאֵכֶם ה׳ בַּמַּרְאָה אֵלָיו אֵתוַדַּע בַּחַלוֹם אַדַבֵּר בּוֹ.
 - (ז) לֹא כֵן עַבְדִּי מֹשֶׁה בְּכָל בֵּיתִי נֶאֱמָן הוּא.
- (ח) פָּה אֱל פֶּה אֲדַבֶּר בּוֹ וּמַרָאֵה וָלֹא בָחִידֹת וּתִמֶנַת ה' יַבִּיט וּמַדּוּעַ לֹא יֵרָאתֶם לְדַבֵּר בְּעַבְדִּי בְמֹשֶׁה.
 - (ט) וַיַּחַר אַף ה' בַּם וַיַּלַף.
 - (י) וְהֶעַנַן סַר מֶעַל הַאֹהֶל וִ**הְנָה מִרְיַם מִצֹרַעַת** כַּשַּׁלֵג וַיִּפֵּן אַהָרֹן אֵל מִרְיַם וְהָנָּה מִצֹרַעַת.
 - (יא) וַיאמר אַהַרוֹ אֵל מֹשָה בִּי אַדנִי אַל נַא תַשָּת עַלֵינוּ חַטַאת אֲשֶׁר נוֹאַלְנוּ וַאֲשֶׁר חַטַאנוּ.
 - (יב) אַל נָא תְהִי כַּמֵּת אֲשֶׁר בְּצֵאתוֹ מֵרֶחֶם אִמּוֹ וַיִּאָכֵל חֲצִי בְשָׂרוֹ.
 - (יג) וַיִּצְעַק מֹשֵׁה אֱל ה' לֱאמֹר אֱל נָא רְפָּא נָא לָהַ.
- ּ(יד) וַיּאֹמֵר ה' אֵל מֹשֶׁה וָאַבִיהַ יַרֹק יַרַק בִּפַנִיהַ הַלֹּא תִכַּלֶם שָׁבָעַת יַמִים תִּסַּגֵּר שָׁבָעַת יַמִים מָחוּץ לַמַּחֲנֵה וָאַחַר תֵּאַסֶף.
 - (טו) וַתִּסַגֵר מִרִיַם מָחוּץ לַמַּחֲנֵה שָׁבָעַת יַמִים וְהַעַם לֹא נַסַע עַד הָאַסֶף מִרִים.
- (1) Miriam and Aaron spoke against Moses because of the Cushite woman whom he had married; for he had married a Cushite woman.
- (2) They said, "Has Hashem indeed spoken only with Moses? Hasn't he spoken also with us?" And Hashem heard.
- (3) Now the man Moses was very humble, above all the men who were on the surface of the earth.
- (4) Hashem spoke suddenly to Moses, to Aaron, and to Miriam, "You three come out to the Tent of Meeting!" The three of them came out.
- (5) Hashem came down in a pillar of cloud, and stood at the door of the Tent, and called Aaron and Miriam; and they both came forward.
- (6) He said, "Hear now my words. If there is a prophet among you, I Hashem will make myself known to him in a vision. I will speak with him in a dream.
- (7) My servant Moses is not so. He is faithful in all my house.
- (8) With him I will speak mouth to mouth, even plainly, and not in riddles; and he shall see Hashem's form. Why then were you not afraid to speak against my servant, against Moses?"
- (9) The anger of Hashem was kindled against **them**; and he departed.
- (10) The cloud departed from over the Tent; and behold, <u>Miriam was leprous</u>, as white as snow. Aaron looked at Miriam, and behold, she was leprous.
- (11) Aaron said to Moses, "Oh, my L-d, please don't count this sin against us, in which we have done foolishly, and in which we have sinned.
- (12) Let her not, I pray, be as one dead, of whom the flesh is half consumed when he comes out of his mother's womb."

- (13) Moses cried to Hashem, saying, "Heal her, G-d, I beg you!"
- (14) Hashem said to Moses, "If her father had but spit in her face, shouldn't she be ashamed seven days? Let her be shut up outside of the camp seven days, and after that she shall be brought in again."
- (15) Miriam was shut up outside of the camp seven days, and the people didn't travel until Miriam was brought in again.

Who is the Cushite woman?

-4. רבינו בחיי, שם | Rabeinu Bachyei, there:

על אודות האשה הכושית – היא צפורה שהיא מדינית, ומדינים הם ישמעאלים והם דרים באהלים, כדכתיב (חבקוק ג':ז'-ח') ירגזו יריעות ארץ מדין, ואין ביניהם לבן מפני תוקף חמימות השמש.

The woman in question was Tzipporah who was a Midianite. Midianites were descendants of the Ishmaelites, nomads, dwelling in tents. We base this on Chabakuk 3,7: "the tents of Cushan, shaken at the pavilions of the land of Midian." There were no white-skinned people among the Midianites due to the sun being very hot in that country.

5. רשב"ם, ד"ה "כי" | Rashbam, there:

כי אשה כושית לקח – כדכתיב בדברי הימים דמשה רבנו: שמלך בארץ כוש ארבעים שנה, ולקח מלכה אחת, ולא שכב עמה, כמו שכתוב שם. והם לא ידעו כשדיברו בו, שלא נזקק לה.

FOR HE HAD MARRIED A CUSHITE WOMAN: As it is written in Divre ha-yamim de-Moshe rabbenu. Moses reigned in the land of Cush for forty years and married a certain queen [from there]. He never had intercourse with her. So it is written there [in that midrashic work]. When they [Miriam and Aaron] spoke against him, they did not realize that he had never had intercourse with her.

6. ספרי במדבר, יב א, | Sifrei Bamidbar 12, 1:

ותדבר מרים ואהרן במשה – מנין היתה מרים יודעת שפירש משה מפריה ורביה? אלא שראתה צפורה שאינה מתקשטת בתבשיטי נשים? אמרה לה: אין אחיך מקפיד בדבר. לכך ידעה מרים, ואמרה לאחיה, ושניהם דברו בו.

How did Miriam know that Moses had ceased from marital relations (with his wife Tzipporah)? Seeing that Tzipporah did not adorn herself as other (married) women did, she asked her for the cause and was told: "Your brother is not 'particular' about this thing" (intercourse, [being constantly "on call" for the word of G-d]). Thus Miriam learned of the matter. She apprised Aaron of it and they both spoke of it.

What did they say?

7. רש"י ד"ה "כי" | Rashi "Ki":

בי אשה בושית לקח – ועתה גירשה.

THAT HE HAD MARRIED A CUSHITE (a beautiful) WOMAN – and had now divorced her.

8. שמות רבה, א' | Shmot Rabbah 1:

וַיֵּלֶךְ אִישׁ מִבֵּית לֵוִי, לְהֵיכָּן הָלַךְּ, אָמַר רַבִּי יְהוּדָה בֶּן רַבִּי זְבִינָא שֶׁהָלַךְ בַּעֲצַת בִּתּוֹ... וְהֶחֱזִיר לֹא נֶאֱמַר אֶלָּא וַוִּּקַח, אָמַר רַבִּי יְהוּדָה בֶּן רַבִּי זְבִינָא שֶׁעָשָׂה לָהּ מַעֲשֶׂה לִקּוּחִים, הוֹשִׁיבָהּ בְּאַפִּרְיוֹן וּמִרְיָם וְאַהֲרֹן מְרַקְדִין לִפְנֵיהֶם, וּמַלְאֲכֵי הַשְּׁבֵת אוֹמְרִים (תהלים קיג, ט): אָם הַבַּנִים שִׂמַחָה.

"A man from the house of Levi went and took a woman from the house of Levi" Where did he go? Rabbi Yehuda ben Rabbi Zvina says: he went in the advice of his daughter. What did he do? He took the woman as his wife, put her on a royal litter, while Miriam and Aaron were dancing in-front of them and the angels were praising the couple.

9. בכור שור, שם | Bechor Shor, there:

וכי לא מצא משה אשה מבנות ישראל שיקח לו לאשה, שהלך לקחת לו מבנות הכושים שהם ערלים. וכי בשביל שהקב״ה מדבר עמו מתגאה, שאינו רוצה לישא אשה מבנות ישראל שבקש אשה במרחק.

Couldn't Moshe find a wife among the women of Israel?! Why did he marry a non-Jewish woman? Is he too proud to be speaking face-to-face with G-d that a Hebrew woman is not good enough for him?

10. אברבנאל, פירוש שלישי, שם | Abarbanel, third explanation, there:

להיות משה בטבעו ענו ומסתפק ומואס בפחיתות המשגל כי חרפה הוא לו.

Moshe was so modest and he didn't wanted any physical relationship, as he viewed it as a low action.

:Yalkut Shimoni, Behaalotecha | אוני, בהעלותך. בהעלותך. 11.

בֵּיוָן שָׁנְּתְמַנּוּ זְקַנִים הַדְּלִיקוּ לָהֶן כָּל יִשְׂרָאֵל נֵרוֹת וְשְׂמְחוּ לָהֶם. מִרְיָם רוֹאָה אֶת הַנֵּרוֹת דּוֹלְקוֹת, אָמְרָה לְצִפּוֹרָה מָה עֵסֶק שֶׁל בֵּרוֹת הַלָּלוּ דּוֹלְקִין. אָמְרָה הָעִנְיָן. אָמְרָה מִרְיָם אַשְׁרֵיהֶן נָשִׁים שֶׁל אֵלּוּ מַה הֵן רוֹאוֹת הֵיאַךְּ עָלוּ בַּעֲלֵיהֶן לִשְׂרָה אָמְרָה לָה מֵאְחִיךְּ, צִפּוֹרָה אוֹי לָהֶן, שֶׁמֵעַרְשִׁיו אֵינָם נִזְקָקִין לָהֶן לְתַשְׁמִישׁ אֶלָּא הֵן נֶעֶקרוֹת מֵעַרְשִׁיו. אָמְרָה לָהְ אַמְרָה לָהְ אֵמְרָה לֹו אֶת הַדָּבָר. שָׁמִשְׁעָה שָׁנִּתְקַדֵּשׁ לַדְּבּוּר אֵינוֹ מַכִּיר לְמִשְׁתוֹ. בֵּיוָן שָׁשְׁמְעָה מִרְיָם כָּרְּ הָלְכָה לָה אֵצֶל אַהֲרֹן וְאָמְרָה לוֹ אֶת הַדָּבָר.

After Moshe appointed the elders to help him in the leadership of Yisrael, all the people lit candles and were happy for them. When Miriam saw the candles burning, she asked Tzipporah what is this all about. Tzipporah told her the story. Miriam said to her: "How nice it is for their wives to see their husbands becoming important personals in the nation!". Tzipporah then answered and said to her: "I pity their wives. Now their husbands will not need any more physical relationship with them." Miriam asked her: "How do you know that?" Tzipporah answered: "From your brother. From the moment he has become holy and spoken with G-d, he doesn't recognize his own bed..." Since Miriam heard this she sent to Aaron and told him all of this.

Why does it say "Miriam spoke?"

:Rashi, there | רש"י, שם

היא פתחה בדבר תחילה, לפיכך הקדימה הכתוב.

She opened the conversation, therefore Scripture mentions her first.

:Ibn Ezra, there | אבן עזרא, שם. 13

היא דברה, גם אהרן הסכים או החריש, על כן נעשה שותף.

Miriam spoke. Aaron agreed or was silent. Hence he was also punished

Who was punished?

.14 גמרא שבת צ"ז ע"א:

אף אהרן נצטרע דכתיב (במדבר י"ב:י') ויפן אהרן אל מרים והנה מצורעת תנא שפנה מצרעתו.

Aaron also became leprous, as it is written: "And Aaron turned toward Miriam, and behold, she was leprous" (Numbers 12:10), and it was taught: This teaches that he turned, i.e., he was healed, from his leprosy, as he too had been afflicted.

15. רלב"ג, על פס ט | Ralbag on verse 9.

אז סר הענן מעל האהל ונגלה שכבר נשארה מרים מצורעת כשלג; וזה לאות כי מרים לבדה דיברה כנגד משה זה המאמר הנזכר; ואולם אהרן נתגנה על אשר לא הוכיח אחותו על זה, וחיזק את דבריה.

After the cloud left the tent, Miriam was found with Tzaraat. This is a sign that only Miriam spoke badly on Moshe, and Aharon who was silent and didn't oppose Miriam's sayings was rebuked.

16. מדרש ספרי במדבר, פסקה ק"ה | Midrash Sifri 105:

רבי יהודה בן בתירה אומר: עתיד ליתן את החשבון על מי שאמר נתנגע אהרן. אם מי שאמר והיה העולם כסה עליו, את מגלה עליו?

R. Yehudah b. Betheira says: He who says that Aaron was stricken (with leprosy) is destined to pay for it. He who spoke and brought the world into being covered up for him (by not mentioning it explicitly in the verse) and you would reveal it!

17. אור החיים, שם, מבוסס על ספרי | Or HaChaim, there:

דוקא כשהיה פונה היתה מצורעת וכשהיה מחזיר פניו היתה פורחת ממנה.

Miriam had leprosy only when Aaron looked at her, but when he did not she started recovering.

Why was Miriam expelled for a week?

:Ibn Ezra, verse 14 | "ותסגר", פס יד , "ותסגר." 18

תסגר – כמו המצורעים, שלא יזיקו אחרים.

As lepers are, so that they do not harm others.

19. אור החיים, פ"ס יד "תסגר" | Or HaChaim verse 14.

נראה שפרחה ממנה צרעת בתפלת משה, וכמאמרו רפא נא פירוש עתה, אלא שגזר ה' שתשב כמנודה, שאם לא כן לא היה צריך הכתוב לומר תסגר פשיטא שתסגר עד שתתרפא מצרעתה, אלא ודאי שכבר נתרפאה, ולזה גם כן לא הזכיר טהרת צרעתה ביום אסיפתה.

It appears that as a result of Moses' prayer the Tzoraat disappeared at once. G-d decreed that she had to remain as an outcast. Had this not been so the Torah would have had to add "until she has been cured from her Tzoraat." It is obvious, therefore, that she had already been cured. This is also the reason the Torah did not mention the fact that she had been healed at the time it reports that she rejoined the camp of the Israelites.

Why did the people wait for her?

20. רש"י, פס טו ד"ה "והעם" | Rashi on verse 15.

והעם לא נסע – זה כבוד חלק לה המקום בשביל שעה אחת שנתעכבה למשה כשהושלך ליאור, שנאמר: ותתצב אחתו מרחק וגו'

This honour the Omnipresent showed her as a reward for the single hour she tarried for Moses' sake when he was thrown into the river, as it is said, (Exodus 2:4) "And his sister placed herself afar off (i.e. she waited) [to know what would be done to him]" (Sotah 9b).

21. בכור שור על פסוק טו | Bechor Shor on verse:

והעם לא נסע – כי לא נעלה הענן מפני כבודו של משה, ובזה ידעו כי מפני מרים נתעכבו, כי סמוך לאסיפתה נעלה הענן.

The cloud [that indicated the beginning of movement] didn't rise due to the dignity of Moshe that was harmed. And by that all the people new that this long stop was due to the bad actions of Miriam.

22. שמות רבה א, יז | Shmot Rabba 1, 17:

נֶּחְלֵית וְנָהַגוּ בָּהּ מִנְהַג מֵתָה. וְגַם כָּלֵב עֲזָבָהּ (דברי הימים א ב':י״ט): וַיִּקַח לוֹ כָלֵב אֶת אֶפְרָת, זוֹ מִרְיָם, לָמָּה נִקְרָא שְׁמָהּ אֶפְרָת, שֶׁפָּרוּ וְרָבוּ יִשְׂרָאֵל עַל יָדֶיהָ. מַהוּ וַוִּקַח לוֹ, שֶׁאַחַר שֶׁנִּתְרַפֵּאת עֲשָׂה בָהּ מַעֲשֵׂה לִקּוּחִין, הוֹשִׁיבָהּ בְּאַפִּרְיוֹן בְּרֹב שִׂמְחָתוֹ בַהּ.

After Miriam got ill, everyone treated her as a dead person. Even her husband Caleb left her. However, after she healed, Caleb put Miriam on a royal litter and remarried her. (Compare to source 8)

:Dvarim 24, 9 | גדרים כד ט.23

זָבוֹר, אֵת אֲשֶׁר-עָשָׂה ה' אֱ-לוֹקיוּך לְמִרְיָם, בַּדֵּרֵךְ, בִּצֵאתִבֶם מִמִּצְרַיִם.

Remember what Hashem your G-d did to Miriam by the way as you came forth out of Egypt.

Miriam's death:

24. במדבר כ', א-ב | Bamidbar 20, 1-2:

- (א) וַיָּבֹאוּ בְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל כָּל הָעֶדָה מִדְבַּר צִן בַּחֹדֶשׁ הָרָאשׁוֹן וַיִּשֶׁב הָעָם בְּקָדֵשׁ וַתָּמָת שָׁם מִרְיָם וַתִּקָּבֵר שָׁם.
 - (ב) וְלֹא הָיָה מַיִם לָעֵדָה וַיִּקָּהֲלוּ עַל מֹשֶׁה וְעַל אַהַרֹן...
- (1) The children of Israel, even the whole congregation, came into the wilderness of Zin in the first month. And the people stayed in Kadesh; and Miriam died there and was buried there.
- (2) There was no water for the congregation; and they assembled themselves together against Moses and against Aaron.

25. סוף מגילת תענית | Megilat Taanit:

בעשרה בניסן מתה מרים הנביאה.

Miriam died on the tenth day of Nisan.

26. רש"י "ד"ה" ותמת" עפ"י המדרש | Rashi, there:

ותמת שם מרים – אף היא בנשיקה מתה.

She, too, as Moses and Aaron, died by a Divine Kiss.

ילקוט שמעוני, חקת | Yalkut Shimoni, Chukat:

הַבְּאֵר הָיָה עוֹלֶה בִּזְכוּת מִרְיָם, שֶׁנָּאֱמֵר (לעיל פסוק א-ב) וַתָּמָת שָׁם מִרְיָם וּמִיָּד וְלֹא הָיָה מֵיִם לָעַדָה, וְבֵיוָן שֶׁנִּסְתֵּלֵּק הַבְּאֵר הָתְחִילוּ מִתְכַּנְסִין עַל מֹשֶׁה וְעַל אַהָרֹן, שֶׁנֶּאֱמַר ״וַיִּקְּהַלוּ עַל מֹשֶׁה וְעַל אַהַרֹן״, וְהָיוּ מֹשֶׁה וְאַהַרֹן יוֹשְׁבִין וּמִתְאַבְּלִין עַל מִרְיָם, אָמַר לָהֶם הַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּרְּ הוּא בִּשְׁבִיל שֶׁאַתֶּם אֲבַלִים יָמוּתוּ בַּצְּמָא, עֲמֹד וְקַח מַשְּרְּ וְהִשְׁהָ אֶת הָעֵדָה וְאֶת בְּעִירָם.

The well existed due to Miriam's merit, as it says that after Miriam died the people were thirsty. When Miriam died, Moshe and Aaron were sitting and mourning her, and the people of Israel were gathering around them in thirst. G-d told them: "should everyone die in thirst just because you are mourning?! Rise up, take your rod and water the nation and their cattle!"

28. ילקוט שמעוני, במדבר לג | Yalkut Shimoni Bamidbar 33.

ָבְּשֶׁמֵתָה מִרְיָם לֹא סְפָדוּהָ וְלֹא קְבָרוּהָ אֶלָּא מֹשֶׁה בָּרֹאשׁ וְאַהַרֹן בָּרֶגֶל וְהָלְכוּ וּקְבָרוּהָ.

When Mirian died no one eulogized her and no one took care of her burial. Only Moshe and Aaron went both of them together and took care of her burial.

29. ספרי ניצבים שה | Sifrei Nitzvaim:

בשנה אחת מתו שלשה צדיקים, משה אהרון ומרים...

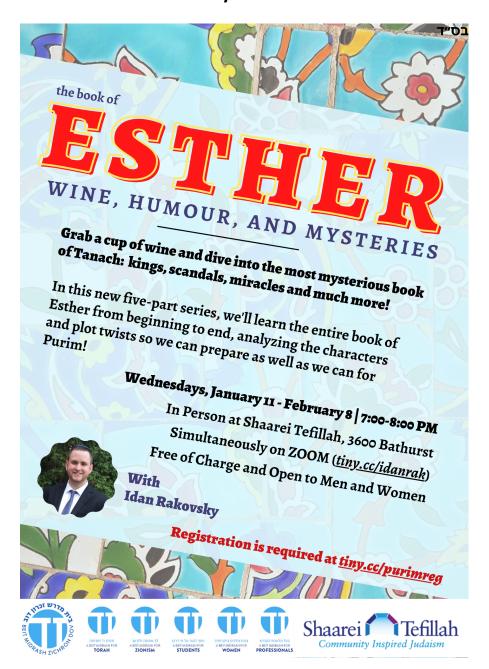
In one year three Tzadikkim died: Moshe, Aaron and Miriam...

30. מדרש אגדה, שמות, טו כ:

קודם שנולד משה היתה נביאה, כשנולד משה ניטלה נבואה ממנה וניתנה למשה.

Before Moshe was born, Miriam was the prophet. When Moshe was born her prophecy was taken away from her and was given to Moshe.

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IDAN RAKOVSKY

AVREICH, BEIT MIDRASH ZICHRON DOV RABBINIC ASSISTANT, SHAAREI TEFILLAH

WHY DID MOSHE REFUSE?
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